



ICC-ES Evaluation Report

ICC-ES | (800) 423-6587 | (562) 699-0543 | www.icc-es.org

ESR-2239

Reissued 03/2019 This report is subject to renewal 02/2021.

DIVISION: 04 00 00—MASONRY

SECTION: 04 73 00—MANUFACTURED STONE MASONRY

REPORT HOLDER:

CENTURION PRODUCTS, INC.

EVALUATION SUBJECT:

CENTURION STONE VENEER



"2014 Recipient of Prestigious Western States Seismic Policy Council (WSSPC) Award in Excellence"



s use. In this

ICC-ES Evaluation Reports are not to be construed as representing aesthetics or any other attributes not specifically addressed, nor are they to be construed as an endorsement of the subject of the report or a recommendation for its use. There is no warranty by ICC Evaluation Service, LLC, express or implied, as to any finding or other matter in this

There is no warranty by ICC Evaluation Service, LLC, express or implied, as to any finding or other matter in this report, or as to any product covered by the report.

Copyright [©] 2019 ICC Evaluation Service, LLC. All rights reserved.



ICC-ES Evaluation Report

ESR-2239

Reissued March 2019

This report is subject to renewal February 2021.

www.icc-es.org | (800) 423-6587 | (562) 699-0543

A Subsidiary of the International Code Council®

DIVISION: 04 00 00—MASONRY

Section: 04 73 00—Manufactured Stone Masonry

REPORT HOLDER:

CENTURION PRODUCTS, INC.

EVALUATION SUBJECT:

CENTURION STONE VENEER

1.0 EVALUATION SCOPE

- 1.1 Compliance with the following codes:
- 2006 International Building Code® (IBC)
- 2006 International Residential Code® (IRC)

Property evaluated:

Veneer strength and durability

- 1.2 Evaluation to the following green code(s) and/or standards:
- 2016 California Green Building Standards Code (CALGreen), Title 24, Part 11
- 2015, 2012 and 2008 ICC 700 National Green Building Standard™ (ICC 700-2015, ICC 700-2012 and ICC 700-2008)

Attributes verified:

■ See Section 3.0

2.0 USES

Centurion Stone Veneer is used as an adhered, nonloadbearing exterior veneer on nonfire-resistance-rated exterior walls of wood stud or light-gage steel stud construction, or concrete or masonry walls.

3.0 DESCRIPTION

The veneer is a precast concrete product made to resemble natural stone in color and texture. The veneer is composed of portland cement complying with ASTM C 150, aggregates, admixtures, and water. The veneer units are molded and cured at the manufacturing facility.

The veneer units are of various thicknesses from $1^1/_2$ to 2 inches (38 to 51 mm). The maximum saturated weight of the installed veneer units is less than 15 pounds per square foot (73.2 kg/m²). Recognized stone patterns are Ashlar, Bedrock, Biltmore, Canyon Ledge, Castlerock, Cathedral, Cherokee Blend, Cobblestone, Cutface, Driftstone, Fieldstone, Foundation Stone, Hackett, Ledge, Multi-Blend, Multi-Ledge, Ocala, Ohio Limestone, Palos Verdes, River Rock, Rubble, Rustic, Silhouette Ledge, Splitface and Weatheredge.

The attributes of the stone veneer have been verified as conforming to the provisions of (i) CALGreen Section A4.405.1.3 for prefinished building materials and Section A5.406.1.2 for reduced maintenance; (ii) ICC 700-2015 and ICC 700-2012 Sections 602.1.6 and 11.602.1.6 for termite-resistant materials and Sections 601.7, 11.601.7, and 12.1(A).601.7 for site-applied finishing materials; and (iii) ICC 700-2008 Section 602.8 for termite-resistant materials and Section 601.7 for site-applied finishing materials. Note that decisions on compliance for those areas rest with the user of this report. The user is advised of the project-specific provisions that may be contingent upon meeting specific conditions, and the verification of those conditions is outside the scope of this report. These codes or standards often provide supplemental information as guidance.

4.0 INSTALLATION

4.1 General:

Installation of the veneer units must comply with this report, the manufacturer's published installation instructions, and IBC Section 1404.4 or IRC Section R703.7, as applicable. The manufacturer's published installation instructions must be available at the jobsite at all times during installation. The veneer may be applied over backings of cement plaster, concrete or masonry.

4.2 Preparation of Backing:

- **4.2.1 Cement Plaster Backing:** The cement plaster backing (scratch coat) may be applied over structurally sound wall surfaces of exterior sheathing on wood framed or light-gage steel framed walls, open wood or steel studs, or masonry walls.
- **4.2.1.1 Installation over Sheathing:** A cement plaster backing must be installed over a water-resistive barrier complying with IBC Sections 1404.2 and 2510.6 or IRC Sections R703.2 and R703.6.3, as applicable. The water-resistive barrier must consist of a minimum of two separate layers of No. 15 asphalt felt complying with ASTM D 226 for Type 1 felt, or Grade D paper as described in IBC Section 2510.6 and IRC Section R703.6.3, or one layer of house wrap recognized in an ICC-ES evaluation report as complying with ICC-ES AC38 (the Acceptance Criteria for Water-resistive Barriers) and one layer of No. 15 asphalt felt or Grade D paper.

Also, flashing must be installed as required by IBC Section 1405.3 or IRC Section R703.8, as applicable, and weep screeds must be installed at the bottom of the veneer. The weep screeds must comply with, and be installed in accordance with, IBC Section 2512.1.2 or IRC Section R703.6.2.1, as applicable. In addition, the weep



screeds must have holes with a minimum diameter of $^{3}/_{16}$ inch (4.8 mm) spaced at a maximum of 33 inches (838 mm) on center, as required by Section 6.1.5.2 of ACI 530/ASCE 5/TMS 402, which is referenced in IBC Section 1405.9.

Studs must be spaced no more than 16 inches (406 mm) on center. A self-furring, corrosion-resistant, 2.5-poundper-square-yard (1.4 kg/m²), galvanized, expanded diamond mesh metal lath, or 3.4 lb/yd² (1.8 kg/m²), ³/₈-inch (9.5 mm) rib lath complying with ASTM C 847 or a No. 18 gage [0.051-inch-thick (1.30 mm)] galvanized woven wire mesh conforming to ASTM C 1032, must be installed in accordance with the applicable code over the waterresistive barrier. Lath must be installed with a minimum ¹/₂-inch (12.7 mm) overlap on vertical seams and a 1-inch (25.4 mm) overlap on horizontal seams. The lath must be fastened to each of the wall studs at 6 inches (152 mm) on center vertically, in accordance with the minimum requirements of Section 7.10 of ASTM C 1063, or IRC Section R703.6.1, as applicable. Lath must be wrapped around inside and outside corners with attachment every 6 inches (152 mm) at the next stud, allowing up to a 16-inch (406 mm) overlap. For wood studs, fasteners must be minimum 0.120-inch-shank-diameter (3 mm) galvanized nails, complying with ASTM F 1667, of sufficient length to penetrate the studs a minimum of 1 inch (25.4 mm). For steel studs, fasteners must be minimum No. 8 gage, Type S, galvanized self-tapping screws with minimum ³/₈-inchdiameter (9.5 mm) heads, complying with ASTM C 1002 and of sufficient length to penetrate the studs a minimum of ³/₈ inch (9.5 mm).

A coat of Type S or N mortar is applied to the metal lath as a scratch coat. The coat of mortar must be a minimum of $^{1}/_{2}$ inch (12.7 mm) and a maximum of $^{3}/_{4}$ inch (19 mm) thick. The mortar must comply with IBC Section 2103.8 or IRC Section R607.1, as applicable, and must be cured in accordance with IBC Section 2512.6 prior to application of the veneer units.

- **4.2.1.2 Installation over Open Studs:** The cement plaster backing must be installed over a water-resistive barrier, flashing and weep screeds as described in Section 4.2.1.1. Studs must be spaced no more than 16 inches (406 mm) on center. Lath must be a corrosion-resistant, 3.4-pound-per-square-yard (1.8 kg/m²), ³/₈-inch (9.5 mm) rib lath complying with ASTM C 847. The lath must be fastened to wall framing and the scratch coat applied as described in Section 4.2.1.1.
- **4.2.1.3 Installation over Masonry:** The veneer units may be applied to clean, untreated masonry surfaces without the use of metal lath, provided the masonry surface is clean. Where lath is used, it must be corrosion-resistant, 2.5-pound-per-square-yard (1.4 kg/m²), galvanized, expanded diamond mesh metal lath complying with ASTM C 847. The lath must be fastened to the wall in accordance with Section 7.10 of ASTM C 1063, and IRC Section R703.6.1, as applicable. The fasteners must be spaced a maximum of 6 inches (152 mm) on center vertically and 16 inches (406 mm) on center horizontally. The scratch coat must be applied as described in Section 4.2.1.1. The gravity load (shear) capacity and negative wind load (pull-out) capacity of the proprietary fasteners must be justified to the satisfaction of the code official.
- **4.2.2 Masonry Backing:** Wall surfaces must be prepared in accordance with Section 5.2 of ASTM C 926 and IBC Section 2510.7, as applicable. Alternatively, a cement plaster backing may be installed as described in Section 4.2.1.

4.3 Application of Veneer Units:

A nominally \$^1/2-inch-thick (12.7 mm) layer of Type S or N mortar is applied to the back of each veneer unit, which is then pressed firmly in place to assure full bond. The mortar must comply with IBC Section 2103.8 or IRC Section R607.1, as applicable. Joints between veneer units must be grouted and tooled in accordance with the veneer manufacturer's published installation instructions. The ambient temperature and veneer unit temperature must be 40°F (4°C) or higher at the time of veneer application.

5.0 CONDITIONS OF USE

The precast stone veneer described in this report complies with, or is a suitable alternative to what is specified in, those codes listed in Section 1.0 of this report, subject to the following conditions:

- 5.1 Installation must comply with this report, the manufacturer's published installation instructions and the applicable code. In the event of a conflict between the manufacturer's published installation instructions and this report, this report governs.
- 5.2 The use of the precast stone veneer is limited to installation on wood framed or light-gage steel framed walls and concrete or masonry backings.
- 5.3 Expansion or control joints, used to limit the effect of differential movement of supports on the veneer system, are to be specified by the architect, designer or veneer manufacturer, in that order. Consideration must also be given to movement caused by temperature change, shrinkage, creep and deflection.
- 5.4 In jurisdictions adopting the IBC, the supporting wall must be designed to support the installed weight of the veneer system, including veneer, setting bed and cement plaster backing, as applicable. At wall openings, the supporting members must be designed to limit deflection to ¹/₆₀₀ of the span of the supporting members.
- 5.5 In jurisdictions adopting the IRC, where the seismic provisions of IRC Section R301.2.2 apply, the average weight of the wall supporting the precast stone veneer, including the weight of the veneer system, must be determined. When this weight exceeds the applicable limits of IRC Section R301.2.2.2.1, an engineered design of the wall construction must be performed in accordance with IRC Section R301.1.3.

6.0 EVIDENCE SUBMITTED

Data in accordance with the ICC-ES Acceptance Criteria for Precast Stone Veneer (AC51), dated February 2008.

7.0 IDENTIFICATION

- 7.1 Boxes of the precast stone veneer units are identified with the manufacturer's name (Centurion Products, Inc.), product name, pattern name, and the evaluation report number (ESR-2239).
- 7.2 The report holder's contact information is the following:

CENTURION PRODUCTS, INC. 50 VAN BUREN STREET NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE 37208 (615) 256-6694

www.centurionstone.com